## Article - Health - General

## [Previous][Next]

## §18–214.1.

- (a) The purpose of expedited partner therapy is to provide antibiotic therapy to any partner of a patient diagnosed with a sexually transmitted infection identified in subsection (b) of this section in order to:
  - (1) Contain and stop the further spread of the infection; and
  - (2) Reduce the likelihood of reinfection in the diagnosed patient.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following health care providers may prescribe, dispense, or otherwise provide antibiotic therapy to any sexual partner of a patient diagnosed with chlamydia, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis without making a personal physical assessment of the patient's partner:
- (1) A physician licensed under Title 14 of the Health Occupations Article;
- (2) An advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority licensed under Title 8 of the Health Occupations Article acting in accordance with § 8–508 of the Health Occupations Article;
- (3) An authorized physician assistant licensed under Title 15 of the Health Occupations Article acting in accordance with § 15–302.2 of the Health Occupations Article; and
- (4) A registered nurse employed by a local health department who complies with:
- (i) The formulary developed and approved under  $\$  3–403(b) of this article; and
- (ii) The requirements established under  $\S$  8–512 of the Health Occupations Article.
- (c) This section may not be construed to otherwise expand the prescribing or dispensing authority of an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority or a physician assistant.

- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a pharmacist licensed under Title 12 of the Health Occupations Article may dispense antibiotic therapy prescribed in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.
- (e) The Secretary shall adopt regulations to implement the requirements of this section in public and private health care settings in the State.

[Previous][Next]